Updated Work and Skills Strategy 2022-27

Final Version: Consultation

14 March 2022

Foreword

Placeholder for foreword from the Leader and/or Executive Member for Work and Skills.

Introduction to the Work and Skills Strategy

Manchester's Work and Skills Strategy is a strategy for the city. It sets out how we will use learning and employment to meet the Our Manchester Strategy vision of being a more highly skilled city, and how we will help create a more inclusive and low-carbon economy in Manchester where more of our residents are connected to our city's success.

This strategy succeeds the Work and Skills Strategy 2015-2020, building on its success and taking into consideration the significant changes we have experienced in the city since that strategy was produced. While over the life of the previous strategy we have seen gradual improvements in learning and employment outcomes for our residents, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic has had a profound effect on the labour market and the consequences of this will not be fully understood for some time. However, by the end of 2019 the city benefitted from a more highly skilled and better paid workforce, with a lower rate of residents out of work or claiming out of work benefits when compared to the previous ten years.

While the new strategy inevitably responds to many of the effects of the pandemic, its purpose is not only to help us recover from the impacts of COVID-19, but to continue to drive forward improvements in the lives of our residents, to continue to grow our businesses and to meet our wider aims of becoming a more inclusive, prosperous and zero-carbon city.

Context

City Context

Over the last decade Manchester has continued on our journey towards meeting our ambition of being a "world-class" city by 2025. Compared to 2010 we now have a significantly higher population, a larger workforce and more businesses operating in the city. Our economy has become more diverse, with digital, creative, technology and health innovation businesses now thriving alongside more traditional sectors, such as financial and professional services. This economic growth, building on the strengths of our existing communities, has helped to attract a younger, more diverse and higher-skilled population.

According to the 2021 State of the City Report:

- Our 2020 population was estimated to be 579,400 with 627,000 forecast for 2025. Our population has grown 31% since 2001.
- International immigration is the main driver of population growth; 18% of city's residents were non-British in 2020.
- Pre-pandemic, employment continued to rise, from 357,000 in 2015 to 410,000 in 2019.
- Since 2015 there has been a 38% rise in active enterprises, from 17,045 in 2015 to 23,565 in 2021.

Manchester's high-growth sectors in terms of Gross Value Added (GVA) and number of jobs have remained consistent over recent years. These sectors are:

- Business, financial and professional services
- Cultural, creative, and digital
- Wholesale and retail

In addition to these sectors, we know that there are also significant opportunities for growth in science, health innovation and health technology, advanced manufacturing and construction.

At the same time our economy and labour market are underpinned by what we call the foundational economy: the part of the economy that creates and distributes goods and services that are consumed by all, and which can be considered a part of everyday life. These types of roles will continue to make up a significant proportion of the employment opportunities created in the city, and although it is hard to provide an exact figure, we estimate that around half of all jobs are in the foundational economy.

Opportunities

While the changes we have experienced in recent years have not been easy, there are opportunities that we can harness and build upon to create more opportunities for our residents, create more ways to connect our residents to these opportunities, and contribute to tackling some of our greatest challenges.

The digitisation of the economy has created more highly skilled and highly paid opportunities as well as giving our residents the chance to work for companies around the country and globally through remote working. Labour shortages in some sectors have resulted in increasing wages and reduced competition for jobs. Investment in Manchester continues to be strong, both in terms of businesses coming to Manchester and creating jobs here, and in terms of our strong capital investment pipeline, particularly in North Manchester and Wythenshawe. Wider changes to skills policy and the skills system provide an opportunity to shape delivery of learning and skills locally.

Ultimately Manchester remains an attractive city in which to live, work, invest or grow a business.

Challenges

Despite our successes the city still experiences some significant challenges. Manchester is at a critical point, due to the combined challenges of the continued impacts of COVID-19, the UK exiting the EU, and the uncertainties in our well-established international relationships and trade. While wealth inequality existed pre-COVID-19, the pandemic and related economic conditions have exacerbated the issue, further highlighting communities that are not well connected to the city's success.

- 23.8% of employees living in Manchester were paid less than the Real Living Wage in 2020.
- By the end of 2020, 37% of Universal Credit (UC) claimants were in work but eligible for benefits.
- COVID-19 has caused the out of work claimant count to nearly double compared to March 2020.
- Key groups of residents in unemployment include young people, graduates, older workers, and ethnic minority groups.
- Low-skilled residents are more vulnerable to job losses. Over half of residents with low or no qualifications are unemployed.

Poverty in Manchester is a huge challenge and continues to have a significant impact on the life and outcomes of too many of the city's residents. This challenge is reflected in the number of children

living in poverty, with the End Child Poverty Coalition estimating that around 46,700 children (42%) in Manchester were living in poverty at the end of March 2020.

We also face the challenge of a changing climate. In 2019 Manchester declared a climate emergency and has set an ambitious target to become a zero carbon city by 2038. The skills of our residents will play a vital role in meeting this goal and therefore we need to ensure that the supply and demand for these skills are increased over time. We must also ensure that the transition to a zero carbon economy happens in a way that is just and fair, and to connect our residents to the opportunities that this transition creates.

Inequality is another major problem. We know that there are inequalities in the learning and employment system for many different people, including communities experiencing racial inequalities, older people, women, and people with disabilities. In responding to this challenge, we must make the best use of available intelligence and data to design and target specific interventions as necessary. We cannot assume that people will automatically be connected to opportunities as they are created.

Impact of COVID-19

Manchester has experienced particularly damaging longer-term economic, social and health effects from national and local lockdowns, which will further damage health and widen inequalities. The city is the sixth most deprived Local Authority area in England and consequently many neighbourhoods and communities were less resilient to the economic shock caused by the pandemic compared to other less deprived areas of the country.

Consequences of the pandemic include:

- strains in public finances, affecting community and environmental conditions
- widening inequalities in attendance and attainment in education and early years
- increasing poverty, debt and income inequality
- rising unemployment, particularly for residents living in communities experiencing racial inequality, poorer neighbourhoods and those in insecure employment
- deteriorating mental health for all age groups, but particularly for young people
- lack of business growth and an increase in businesses closing, with on average twice the number of business deaths than business births.

Clinical Impact

Inequalities in infection and mortality from COVID-19 in Manchester have been affected by the following factors:

- Health conditions some existing health conditions significantly increase the risk of dying from COVID-19.
- **Deprivation and inequalities** the more deprived a local authority is the higher the COVID-19 mortality rate has been during the pandemic.
- **Living conditions** overcrowded living conditions and poor-quality housing are associated with higher risks of mortality from COVID-19. These housing conditions are more common in deprived areas and are inhabited by people from lower incomes.
- Occupation there are clear differences in the mortality risk related to occupations. For
 example, being in a key worker role, unable to work from home and being near others
 increases risk. Occupations particularly at risk include security guards, leisure and transport
 workers and health and social care workers.

- Ethnic minorities mortality from COVID-19 is much higher among many communities experiencing racial inequalities, especially Black residents, than among White groups. Minority ethnic residents are more likely to be affected by the factors identified here.
- **Cumulative risks** the risks of mortality from COVID-19 are cumulative being male, older, from a minority ethnic group, having an underlying health condition, working in a higher risk occupation and living in a deprived area with overcrowding have led to much higher rates of COVID-19.

Economic impact

The scale of the challenge of poverty and unemployment has been further exacerbated in Manchester by the COVID-19 pandemic and its associated lockdowns and restrictions. The claimant count in Manchester (Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and unemployed UC) increased 104% between March 2020 to March 2021 (from 17,740 to 36,100) and stood at 30,510 in August 2021. The initial spike in claimants came in the period March-May 2020 and then stabilised. In Manchester, residents under 25 were initially the most severely economically impacted by COVID-19. However, all age groups saw increases, and the 25-49 age group is currently the most impacted. Unemployment increased in wards corresponding to communities experiencing racial inequalities.

Job losses have been greatest in sectors that were most severely impacted by the COVID-19 restrictions and lockdowns including retail, hospitality, accommodation, leisure and tourism and personal care activities. Generally, these are sectors which employ more young people and people from communities experiencing racial inequalities, and tend to be lower paid and have a larger number of employees on casual contracts. However, there are now a greater number of jobs in Manchester post-pandemic compared to pre-pandemic, with skills and workforce shortages across the foundational economy.

Overall, poorer residents and residents experiencing racial inequalities were more likely to experience more severe clinical and economic effects of COVID-19.

Strategic and Policy Context

The Our Manchester Strategy 2016 –2025 provides the overall strategic framework for the city and sets the vision for the future of the city that we want to see. As a city-wide strategy, the Work and Skills Strategy directly delivers on most of the Our Manchester Strategy themes and priorities:

- Thriving and Sustainable by supporting development and growth of a vibrant and more
 inclusive economy, and by ensuring that opportunities created in this economy are fair and
 of good quality.
- **Highly Skilled** by ensuring there is support for our young people to be work ready and that there are opportunities for all our residents to learn and develop the skills they need to meet their own goals and ambitions.
- Progressive and Equitable by supporting all our residents to thrive from a skills
 perspective, and by contributing to improved health and wellbeing by addressing some of
 the most significant social determinants of health.
- **Liveable and zero-carbon** by growing the supply of training opportunities that we need to transition to a zero-carbon economy, and by promoting the opportunities this creates for our residents and businesses.
- **Connected** by growing the supply of training opportunities that enable our residents to access services and employment in an increasingly digitised world.

In addition to its connection to the Our Manchester Strategy, the Work and Skills Strategy directly supports and is supported by other major city-wide and regional strategies.

The main strategies supporting the Work and Skills Strategy are:

- Manchester Digital Strategy 2021-26 the Digital Strategy will support business growth, employment, skills and training in the digital sector specifically.
- Manchester Adult Education and Skills Plan 2016-25 this plan sets out the actions that
 adult education and training providers will take to make Manchester the best city in the UK
 for adult education and skills, with delivery of training and qualifications for our adult
 residents.
- Greater Manchester Transport Strategy and City Centre Transport Strategy to 2040 these transport strategies will work to provide the transport connections our residents need to access learning and employment opportunities around the city and wider conurbation.

The main strategies that the Work and Skills Strategy will support are:

- Manchester Climate Change Action Plan by supporting development of the skills we need to transition to a zero carbon economy
- **Our Manchester Disability Plan** by supporting skills and training opportunities for disabled residents.
- Manchester's Cultural Ambition 2016-26 by increasing routes into employment in creative industries and supporting the conditions for growth of the creative and cultural sector.
- Manchester Inclusion Strategy by supporting employer-led careers information advice and guidance for young people and contributing to a reduction in Manchester's rate of young people not in education, employment or training (NEET).
- Manchester Family Poverty Strategy by proving support for people to access employment and better quality employment as a route out of poverty.
- Manchester Youth Offer by providing support for skills and training opportunities for young people, including skills for life.
- Manchester Adult Education and Skills Plan by connecting adult education services with employers and labour market information.
- Manchester: A Great Place to Grow Older by supporting skills and training opportunities for older people.
- Developing a More Inclusive Economy: Our Manchester Local Industrial Strategy supporting development of a more inclusive economy by encouraging growth in good quality and sustainable employment.

Build Back Fairer in Greater Manchester – The Marmot Review

The Marmot report 'Build Back Fairer in Greater Manchester: Health Equity and Dignified Lives' highlights how levels of social, environmental and economic inequalities in society are damaging health and wellbeing. It explores how these inequalities have been exposed and magnified by the COVID-19 pandemic and its impacts. It provides a framework for how Greater Manchester (GM) can 'Build Back Fairer' in the aftermath of the COVID-19 pandemic. The framework calls for health equity to be placed at the heart of governance in GM, including resource allocation, and for all policies in the region to be geared towards achieving greater health equity.

The report states that, to achieve a permanent reduction in health inequalities, GM needs to focus on the social determinants of health. These are factors outside health care that affect health, including:

- income, poverty and debt
- work and unemployment.

The Build Back Fairer report summarises that:

- Being in good work is usually protective of health while poor quality work, stressful jobs, and unemployment, particularly long-term unemployment, contribute significantly to poor health and low wellbeing and increase the risk of mortality. Manchester needs to ensure all jobs are of good quality as efforts to increase employment are introduced after the pandemic. The labour market situation before the pandemic influenced and impacted the labour market during the pandemic.
- The impacts of COVID-19 containment measures have fallen the most on low-paid workers and have had significant health and health inequality impacts.
- As Manchester's economic challenges become clearer through 2021, it is important that those most at risk of being employed in poor quality work or of being unemployed are supported the most to protect their health as well as livelihoods. This includes younger people, those on low pay and insecure contracts and some workers from ethnic minority groups. Manchester is seeing positive indicators that the economy is recovering and the Council and partners have promoted groups such as long term unemployed or those with health conditions into sectors with vacancies or labour/skill shortages.

Evidence Base

In developing this strategy, we have undertaken research and engagement, building an evidence base to identify and support the priorities and outcomes for the city over the next five years. To date, this evidence base has involved four components: our existing strategic context and wider priorities for the city; making use of the data and intelligence that the Council and partners produce; carrying out desktop research looking at emerging thinking on the labour market, learning and employment; and through carrying out open conversations with our partners and stakeholders. The key messages we have learned, which will be enhanced by (and updated following) further consultation on this draft document in March 2022, are summarised below.

Data and Intelligence

Manchester has experienced some improvement in key indicators though still lags averages across England, and success is not evenly distributed spatially or demographically. This strategy will drive better use of data to target interventions and judge progress and success.

COVID-19 has adversely impacted many years of progress and continues to create volatility in the labour market and careers, employability and skills provision. Evidence shows that policy, strategy and activity must be flexible and responsive in tackling COVID-19 impacts.

Desktop Research

Manchester has a strong base from which to build. Investment pipelines and growth are strong in the city and we need to harness this for all residents. The number of jobs in the city grew between the end of 2019 and 2021, with a robust performance by our key growth sectors.

Wider economic trends must be considered, including digitisation, automisation, and the importance of the foundational economy and gig economy. Labour shortages and unpredictability in the labour market are likely to continue; matching skills with demand through responsive provision is essential.

A particular opportunity for Manchester is with the most innovative parts of our economy, the contribution of our universities and the wider Corridor Manchester, alongside the potential of ID Manchester and our focus on bio-science, technology and digital for future jobs.

Listening and Engagement

Work is important to many, but accessibility is an issue for some. There are lots of complex reasons that make accessing learning or employment difficult, and that the strategy must address through learning, engagement and action. Equality and diversity in access to opportunities is critical.

Partners recognise the value of data and intelligence, though sharing it in a useful way can be problematic. How opportunities are communicated needs to be improved, as the skills system is seen as confusing and hard to navigate by many. There is an opportunity to try new approaches in how we work with data, how we improve connections between learning and work, and how we help residents demonstrate new skills. There is also demand for prioritising core skills.

The Work and Skills Strategy needs to respond directly to issues around accessibility and equalities. This should form a major theme of future work.

Themes

The Work and Skills Strategy is one of the main city-wide strategies that supports the Our Manchester Strategy. The outcomes that the Work and Skills Strategy will achieve directly connect to each of the five Our Manchester Strategy themes, and for this reason we have used the Our Manchester Strategy themes to structure the priorities, outcomes, and indicators that we will use over the life of this strategy.

A Thriving and Sustainable City

"We will work to ensure Manchester has a strong, inclusive and innovative economy with diverse growth sectors, where our residents are recognised for their contribution via fair contracts and are paid at least the Real Living Wage."

Case Study - Living Wage Pilot

Anchor institutions are those organisations that are tied to a place through physical assets, relationships or history, as well as those that play a key role in a place through being a large employer or purchaser of goods locally. Anchor institutions collectively wield considerable influence in the areas in which they are located.

In Manchester we are working with some of our anchor institutions on a pilot project that is aimed at promoting the living wage in Manchester, with the goal of becoming an accredited living wage city. These employers have already committed to paying the living wage to their own workforce and in their own supply chains but are now working to promote the living wage to other employers in their respective sectors. Participating anchors include universities, large private sector companies, as well as SMEs, the NHS, voluntary sector and cultural organisations.

As well as promoting payment of the living wage, the pilot project will promote awareness of the living wage amongst our residents, encouraging them to look out for roles that are paid a living wage and offer fair terms and conditions.

Nurturing a diverse and growing private sector is critical in creating the opportunities that our residents need to work and learn. Manchester benefits from a growing and maturing economy that means the city is increasingly seen as a leader in sectors that include technology, digital/creative and cyber security. Our young, diverse and increasingly well educated workforce is a feature of the city's attractiveness for business and investment. This investment creates more highly skilled and more highly paid employment that has helped our economy to grow and strengthen. Growing our

population of talented people remains a crucial factor in generating sustainable economic growth. Furthermore, innovative businesses in fields such as bioscience and health technology, in cluster areas such as the Oxford Road Corridor and around our universities, will help drive future growth in new and sustainable industries.

At the same time, the impact of technology in sectors such as retail and hospitality, combined with increasing casualisation of workforces in sectors such as parts of health and social care, means that many of our residents find themselves in employment which is low paid, with irregular hours and insecure contracts. Our work must continue to encourage and incentivise good employment practices through our campaign for the Real Living Wage and social value approach, while developing progression routes for residents to higher level skills and employment opportunities.

The Work and Skills Strategy will contribute to the delivery of the Thriving and Sustainable theme by making sure that Manchester continues to develop and grow an inclusive and innovative economy which creates employment and learning opportunities for all our residents. It seeks to ensure that the opportunities created are of good quality, enabling more people to benefit from the city's growth, and providing a basis from which to drive improved living standards, better health and wellbeing, and reduced inequality. We also recognise the importance of the foundational economy both as a major source of employment and as a sector that underpins the wider economy. While the foundational economy has experienced some positive change over the course of the pandemic, with upwards pressure on wages and wider conversations about conditions, we need to continue to work to connect these occupations to our wider aspirations on pay and good employment.

The strategy will also seek to maximise the opportunities generated for our residents through the significant investment into our city, as well as strengthening the pathways into those opportunities. This is particularly relevant for communities in North Manchester, given the Council's partnership with Far East Consortium (FEC) to deliver 15,000 homes, and for communities in Wythenshawe, given the scale of investment in the Airport and Airport Enterprise Zone. As the city centre will remain the major driver of growth in Manchester, and will continue to account for the majority of jobs created and sustained, we must also continue to focus on connecting Manchester residents across the city to these opportunities.

Finally, the priorities in this theme are important in helping us to meet our wider ambitions for the city, particularly our commitments to reducing poverty and inequality. The priorities under this theme also contribute to the delivery of recommendations in *Building Back Fairer in Greater Manchester*, specifically in increasing quality of employment.

Our priorities to create a thriving and sustainable city are to:

- Develop and grow Manchester's business support ecosystem and promote awareness of the city's business support offer to our business community to enable them to innovate and grow.
- 2. Influence Manchester's business support ecosystem to support sustainable self-employment and business start-up, as well as promoting sustainable models of ownership including cooperatives and social enterprises.
- 3. Encourage and support employers to offer good quality employment, including secure contracts, predictable hours and to pay at least the Real Living Wage.
- 4. Work with our partners to develop and deliver specific labour market interventions to connect residents to more highly paid opportunities in growth sectors.
- 5. Ensure the maximum possible skills and employment benefit from the city's capital and inward investment pipeline.
- 6. Maximise the skills and employment benefit from place based public and private investment and regeneration in North Manchester, Wythenshawe and other major capital projects.

The outcomes we expect to achieve by meeting these priorities are:

- To become an accredited living wage city.
- To increase the proportion of Manchester residents who are paid a Real Living Wage.
- To increase the number of active enterprises operating in the city
- To increase the proportion of Manchester residents working in growth sectors

We will use the following indicators to track progress against this theme:

- The number of Manchester residents being paid a Real Living Wage (Office of National Statistics, Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings, Annual)
- The change in and number of active enterprises (Office of National Statistics, Business Counts Data, Annual)
- The number of opportunities created through the City Council's capital projects pipeline (Manchester City Council (MCC))
- The number of Manchester businesses signed up to the GM Good Employment Charter, (Greater Manchester Combined Authority (GMCA))

A Highly Skilled City

"We will ensure that all of Manchester's young people have access to good quality education, and we will support them to be work ready"

"We will continue to support all our residents to learn, progress, upskill and retrain so they can access the city's current and future employment opportunities."

Case Study – Digital Skills Bootcamps

The UK Government is investing £2.5 billion in the National Skills Fund as part of its Plan for Jobs, and has funded a wide variety of Skills Bootcamps, which offer adults aged 19 and over the opportunity to build up sector specific skills and to fast-track to an interview with a local employer.

MCC's Work and Skills Team works in partnership with GMCA to support eleven digital bootcamp providers, to delivery high quality training that directly connects with employers in a high growth, highly skilled and highly paid sector.

By making these sessions accessible and affordable, bootcamp attendance has been far more diverse than is common in the wider sector, with broadly even numbers of men and women participating, and over half of participants experiencing racial inequalities. Of people moving into employment, 78% were previously unemployed and 48% moved into roles starting on at least £25k per year.

MCC continues to work with GMCA and Government to shape future inclusive bootcamp provision in the city beyond digital. In future years, bootcamps can be extended and support employment pathways into sectors with growth and shortages such as construction, green skills and logistics.

Making sure that our residents of all ages have the careers advice, skills and qualifications they need to thrive in the labour market is central to improving living standards in Manchester. We know that the level of skills and qualifications needed to gain employment has been rising, and that at the same time many of the jobs created in Manchester's growth sectors also require these higher level skills. This means that, to capture the benefits of the city's growth, we need to make sure that we connect our residents who are entering work for the first time, changing career or becoming economically active, to these opportunities, and provide a pathway to employment that is easy to navigate.

People have told us that learning and gaining new skills is important to our residents even when this is not directly related to finding employment. For some people, this type of learning can help them improve the quality of their lives by making it easier to access services, improve their health and wellbeing, or help in their community. Employers also tell us that they value core skills: those skills such as communication and teamwork that are fundamental to their business but for which there is not a formal qualification route.

We also know that it is of critical importance to make sure that our children and young people are connected to the opportunities that living in Manchester presents. For many young people, there is a disconnect between their experience of the city and that of people who have come to Manchester. It is important that they know that the opportunities to learn and work in Manchester are for them, and that we make sure that there are clear routes for them to take advantage of these opportunities.

The city's education system includes good quality schools, colleges, independent training providers, universities and adult education institutions, with significant investment made in our Further Education and university facilities, creating world class learning environments. To make sure that our skills and training system is fit for purpose, we need to make it more responsive to the changing needs of employers and the wider labour market in both the short term, to combat instability creating skills shortages (such as hospitality in 2022), and in the medium to longer term, to prevent crisis in other sectors (such as health and social care). This may require new qualifications and learning pathways, including maximising the impact of T Levels and strengthening all technical and vocational solutions to meet the gaps in the labour market at Level 4 and 5.

Employer involvement in the development of learning, and more employer led training, including apprenticeships, is essential. This has been seen with the success of digital bootcamps that have provided a clear pathway into work based around industry needs. We need to continue to forge a stronger link between learning and work scaling up successes such as Enterprise Advisor work and co-design of the Further Education curriculum, ensuring that delivery of training and qualifications by providers is more frequently and routinely linked to vacancies and employment. This will enable Manchester's economy to be more responsive to the demand from employers, especially across our growth sectors.

Investment in world class education facilities and system is vital to the city becoming the best UK city for adult education by 2025, as set out in the Manchester Adult Education and Skills Plan.

The Work and Skills Strategy will contribute to the delivery of the 'Highly Skilled' theme by making sure there are good quality learning and training opportunities for all our residents and particularly our young people.

Our priorities to create a highly skilled city are to:

- 1. Ensure all 16 and 17 year olds are in education, employment or training, and that the offer expands to meet the needs of a growing population of this age group and offers choice.
- 2. Attract and retain more highly skilled graduates in the city and increase the number of Manchester young people accessing advanced and higher level skills provision, including apprenticeships, T Levels and Higher Education.
- 3. Create opportunities for people to learn and demonstrate core skills and entrepreneurship.
- 4. Strengthen the link between Manchester universities, post-16 colleges, training providers and employers, to drive inward investment and raise competitiveness at national and international level.
- 5. Ensure that good quality careers education, information advice and guidance, supported by labour market intelligence, is available to all Manchester residents, and supports them to

- learn about and attain higher skilled / higher paid employment opportunities, particularly those within the foundational economy, to benefit from in-work progression.
- 6. Work with education and training providers to ensure training meets the demands of the labour market, is of good quality, and can respond to changes in the economy and growth sectors.
- 7. Influence the development and delivery of the GM Local Skills Improvement Plan to ensure the best outcomes for Manchester residents.
- 8. Widen access to learning across Manchester's communities by increasing the availability of learning opportunities (e.g. bootcamps) that fall outside of traditional settings and engagement methods.
- 9. Maximise the impact of available government funding (including the Levelling up Fund and Shared Prosperity Fund) on employment and skills outcomes in Manchester.

The outcomes we expect to achieve by meeting these priorities are:

- More Manchester residents moving into highly paid and highly skilled careers.
- Improved quality of careers education, information, advice and guidance.
- Greater range of choice in learning and qualification routes.
- Reduced number of people with no or low qualifications and increase the number of people with higher level qualifications.
- Fewer businesses citing skills needs as a barrier to growth.
- Reduced NEET rate.
- Increased graduate retention.
- Increased take up of technical and vocational education.

We will use the following indicators to track progress against this theme:

- The percentage of the resident working age population (aged 16 to 64) with no qualifications (Annual)
- The percentage of the resident working age population (aged 16 to 64) with level 2 qualifications (Annual)
- The percentage of working age residents with qualifications at level 4+
- The number of Manchester residents starting technical and vocational education in Manchester (Constit and LA, Annual)
- The number of schools achieving the Gatsby Benchmarks
- The graduate retention rate (Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) Graduate Outcomes Survey, Annual)

A Progressive and Equitable City

"We will strive to create a truly equal and inclusive city, where everyone can thrive at all stages of their life, and quickly and easily reach support to get back on track when needed."

"We will improve physical and mental health outcomes and ensure good access to integrated health and care services across the city."

Case Study - The Factory

Manchester is home to The Factory, a new venue for creativity and the arts, in the heart of the city. The Factory will present bold new work by the world's most exciting artists, and will be home to The Factory Academy, which helps people from all backgrounds to start new careers in the creative industries.

Working in partnership with cultural organisations across the city, The Factory Academy is a skills and training programme that offers a variety of training opportunities including paid internships, training academies and work experience programmes. Its aim is to help build the next generation of technicians, producers and other creative talent that will bring the future alive, creating a highly skilled city via opportunities for all.

"The access and the resources that The Factory Academy gives, to be able to apply for these jobs, is just so important. There was nothing else that I had on my resume that could even get me close to a job like this." Broadcast and Film Production Academy Trainee

One of our biggest challenges is to tackle some of the deep inequalities that exist in our city. While Manchester was already a place that experienced deep inequality, with significant differences across the city in income, employment, health and wellbeing outcomes, the COVID-19 pandemic has served to make these disparities even more pronounced.

To tackle these inequalities, we need to be more focused in identifying exactly where they exist and understanding who is affected so we can better target interventions accordingly. We must also make sure that we don't generalise the people and communities affected, but use language that accurately describes who they are, and understand why an inequality exists.

We know that health and wellbeing outcomes in Manchester are significantly below national averages, and that there is a large disparity between our healthiest and least healthy residents. In his report 'Building Back Fairer in Greater Manchester', Professor Sir Michael Marmot made several recommendations for improving health outcomes in Manchester. The report recognises the importance of employment and employers in improving health outcomes, and the Work and Skills Strategy will directly contribute to improving health outcomes by improving employment outcomes, particularly through quality employment.

In tackling these issues, we need to make sure that, as partners, we use our collective influence to create learning and work opportunities for all Manchester residents equally. We also need to take advantage of the significant investment in Manchester, harnessing this and making sure that it benefits the people who call the city home. We can do this by using our statutory powers and influence to maximise the social value generated by investment in the city.

The Work and Skills Strategy will contribute to the delivery of the 'Progressive and Equitable' theme by making sure that opportunities are of good quality and are available to all.

Our priorities to create a progressive and equitable city are to:

- 1. Use data and intelligence to identify residents most in need of learning and employment support, and design and target interventions accordingly.
- 2. Work with employers to understand barriers to recruitment and ensure careers, skills and employment services respond to employer's needs.
- 3. Proactively work to reduce and remove the barriers (such as managing health conditions) that some people and communities face when accessing learning and employment.
- 4. Contribute to the implementation of the recommendations set out in 'Building Back Fairer for Greater Manchester'.
- 5. Work with employers to adopt and promote flexible recruitment and working practices that make employment accessible to more of our residents.
- 6. Develop routes for residents and employers to access finance to pay for training and qualifications where lack of funding is a barrier to participation.
- 7. Use social value to connect learning and employment opportunities, created through supply chains and investment in Manchester, to the people and communities who will benefit most, particularly those experiencing inequalities.

- 8. Work collectively to make sure more employers consider social value in their own practices.
- 9. Work with partners to ensure that local delivery of regional and national labour market interventions (such as work and health programmes) responds to local priorities.

The outcomes we expect to achieve by meeting these priorities are:

- Improved health and wellbeing of residents.
- Reduced inequalities in access to skills and employment opportunities.
- Increased volume of learning and employment opportunities through social value
- Reduced number of working age residents dependent on out of work benefits.
- Reduction in residents claiming Universal Credit in-work benefits.

We will use the following indicators to track progress against this theme:

- Health related out of work benefit claimants as a percentage of the working age population (ONS, Quarterly)
- Number of residents claiming UC and JSA out of work benefits (ONS, Quarterly)
- The number of residents claiming Universal Credit in work benefit (Office for National Statistics (ONS), Quarterly)
- New indicators for this theme will be developed with the City Council's Performance,
 Research and Intelligence Team, as part of the strategy consultation process.

A Liveable and Zero Carbon City

"We will achieve our zero carbon ambition by 2038 at the latest via green growth, sustainable design, low carbon energy, retrofitting buildings, green infrastructure, and increasing climate resilience."

Case Study - One Manchester

One Manchester has been awarded community renewal funding to deliver an innovative project that will create 125 supported green jobs in sustainability, retrofit, construction, environmental management, recycling and reuse, renewable energy, and electric vehicles, focused on North Manchester.

This project provides an opportunity for employers in Manchester to create and test new job roles relevant to the green economy. Businesses will develop new role descriptions to be considered for funding, and recruitment will be targeted to Manchester residents who are unemployed and who face barriers to employment. These new jobs will be funded for up to six months and will be paid a Real Living Wage.

Individuals recruited to these roles will benefit from a Green Employment Coach who can provide employment support, coaching, and referral into further training offers. All employees will also receive carbon literacy training.

A Green Employment and Skills Partnership will bring together a group of Manchester based social enterprises, offering employment and skills development in relation to green jobs, creating a vehicle to support collaboration, innovation and growth. Programmes delivering and driving green skill provision and employment will be encouraged and supported across the city to boost our efforts to meet our zero carbon ambitions.

Manchester has an ambitious target to become zero carbon by 2038, 12 years ahead of the UK Government's target of 2050. Manchester's Climate Change Action Plan 2020-25 sits alongside a city-wide Climate Change Framework produced by Manchester Climate Change Partnership. The

Framework sets out what Manchester collectively needs to do to 'play its full part in limiting the effects of climate change', whereas the Climate Change Action Plan will be delivered by the Council.

The Climate Change Framework includes two actions relevant to the Work and Skills Strategy:

- 1. Embed climate change throughout the city's education and training system to help Manchester become a Carbon Literate city.
- 2. As we invest in infrastructure to become a zero carbon city, we need a proportionate investment in the skills sector to ensure that our education and training providers can respond. In particular, we need to develop the green skills the city needs to deliver the projects and programmes planned for 2020-25 and to prepare for further initiatives from 2026.

The Our Manchester Local Industrial Strategy 2020 *Developing a More Inclusive Economy* recognises that the city's economic success must be built on clean growth, green innovation and the development of green skills. It sets out the city's commitment to create good green jobs, to support socially responsible businesses to thrive, to secure investment for zero carbon and climate resilient infrastructure, and to establish the products, services and business models that support our transition to zero carbon.

Making sure that the city's workforce has the necessary skills to make this transition, in a way which is fair and equitable, is crucial to helping us meet this goal. The Work and Skills Strategy will play a role in the delivery of this element of the Climate Change Framework and ensure that we have a work and skills system in Manchester that supports the city to meet its 2038 zero carbon target.

It is important that Manchester understands the skill gaps that will emerge within the low carbon sector and that it capitalises on the opportunities for reskilling the workforce. Work is underway on the development of a zero carbon skills framework to understand the skill needs and level for each sector. These include:

- Retrofitting buildings requiring construction related skills and technological advancements.
- **Low carbon heating** understanding the skills needed to meet increasing demand for the design, specification, installation, and ongoing maintenance of heat pumps.
- Low carbon transport skill requirements in the ongoing maintenance of electric vehicles.
- Consultancies and financial services requiring the highly skilled to ensure service sector organisations can respond to emerging opportunities.

We know that one of the main barriers to delivering the right training and qualifications at scale is a lack of demand for training from employers and residents. While we know some of the steps that need to be taken to transition to a zero carbon economy, many of these steps must be driven by demand. Using the example of housing, we know that to drastically cut carbon emissions in Manchester we must make our housing stock much more energy efficient, and that to do this at scale will require a large volume of skills and expertise. However, without significant incentives or regulatory change, we must look at other ways to create demand using the assets that we have available to us.

This will require close work with partners and stakeholders who have the means to drive demand, connecting them with training providers, and marketing the opportunities created to Manchester residents and businesses.

Our priorities to create a liveable and zero carbon city are to:

- Use our collective influence and spending power to create demand for green skills such as in retrofit and construction, maintenance of green infrastructure, green energy and biodiversity.
- 2. Support and enhance ongoing carbon literacy and communications with businesses, schools, colleges and other learning and training providers.
- 3. Use research and intelligence to ensure that information about future job opportunities in the zero carbon economy is included in labour market information and guidance that is shared with schools, colleges, and other learning and training providers.
- 4. Develop and deliver a green skills action plan for the city that will ensure businesses and residents are supported with the skills needed to deliver the zero carbon agenda.
- 5. Work with training providers and employers to plan for and build capacity for identified future skills needs.

The outcomes we expect to achieve by meeting these priorities are:

- Increased carbon literacy amongst Manchester's young people, residents and businesses.
- Increased volume of learning and training to support transition to a zero carbon economy.
- Reduced carbon emissions.
- Increased commissioned provision of green skills training in Manchester.

Fewer indicators are available for this theme than the others, and data relating to green skills is not routinely collated and published by statistical agencies at a frequency that allows us to track progress. Historically, we have commissioned bespoke research work to gather this information at a local level. For Example, the ONS produces two different estimates of green jobs and they indicate that the term 'green job' has no one particular meaning. This is a complex area and ONS highlights the challenges of obtaining data under the various definitions. We will continue to work with colleagues at GMCA, Manchester Climate Change Agency (MCCA) and others to develop new sources of information and intelligence, and explore use of proxy indicators.

We will use the following indicators to track progress against this theme:

- The number of people who have completed carbon literacy training in Manchester (MCC)
- Spend in GM on commissioned green skills provision (MCC, bespoke, Adult Education Budget, CRF)

A Connected City

"We will become a digitally inclusive city, with better digital infrastructure, access to digital technology and strong digital skills."

Case Study - Digital Inclusion

Digital exclusion exists where a person lacks one or more of the following: skills, access to the internet, confidence to use the internet, or motivation to use the internet. In 2019 an estimated 27,000 adults in Manchester were digitally excluded, though we suspect the number is much higher.

The City Council needed to support community organisations to help more residents be confident regular online users. There are already many organisations supporting digital, including libraries, Manchester Adult Education Service, Citizens Advice, housing associations and local community organisations. The Council's Work and Skills Team and Libraries Team set up a Digital Inclusion Working Group to develop approaches to increasing the number of residents who are online.

The working group identified motivation as being a challenging barrier to residents engaging with digital, and commissioned work to promote positive stories of how 'being digital' has enhanced the

lives of individual residents. The group also identified lack of internet access at home as a barrier to being a confident online user.

Members of the Digital Inclusion Working Group have come together to resource a digital support service managed by libraries. Support has been given on things such as how to turn on a device, making video calls, doing online supermarket shopping, and accessing health information. This Our Manchester approach has proved effective in positively tackling the digital divide in Manchester to develop a Connected City.

The role of digital skills has become ever more important in almost all jobs and in most sectors. Entry level digital skills are required for jobs that traditionally may not have required any use of technology at all, while those roles that require advanced digital skills are some of the most highly skilled and highly paid roles available in the city today.

As well as being an important skillset to gain employment, digital skills are also increasingly important in navigating day-to-day life, such as accessing online services from the Council or a bank, ordering prescriptions online, or booking a session at one of our leisure centres. Digital skills are also becoming more important in the process of finding and applying for learning and employment opportunities, with the wide range of online services now available acting as both a useful tool but also a barrier for some of our residents.

In 2021 Manchester adopted a new Digital Strategy which sets the vision for Manchester's digital future. One of the Digital Strategy's four themes is *Smart People*, which aims to:

- Ensure that Manchester residents of all ages can gain and sustain the skills, aspirations and confidence to fully participate in the digital world.
- Aid mainstream education in building its capacity to ensure all young people are equipped with the skills to take advantage of the opportunities that the growing and diverse digital sector in the city presents.
- Create new routes into higher level, high value jobs and entrepreneurship.
- Ensure that digital businesses have access to the talent and skills needed, to provide the basis for Manchester to become an inclusive, diverse, successful and ethical smart city.

These four themes recognise the welcome progress but relatively slow pace of change in diversifying the technical workforce in the digital sector and continued recruitment difficulties for Developers and DevOps (Development of Technical Operations) roles (as evidenced by Manchester Digital's 2022 Skills Audit).

The Digital Strategy will be supported by a delivery plan, which will be implemented by a small team of Council officers and overseen through a Digital Strategy Governance Board.

Transport is also a key issue for residents accessing learning and employment opportunities. We know that lack of good quality public transport and the cost of transport can be a barrier for many, particularly in the north of the city. The Greater Manchester Transport Strategy and Manchester City Centre Transport Strategy provide the overall framework for transport in the city and city region, and both recognise the importance of connecting residents to opportunities. Re-regulation of the bus network also provides an important opportunity to influence future bus networks to make them work better in connecting people to learning and work. Therefore, while improving access to transport is beyond the scope of the Work and Skills Strategy, it will be important to influence transport policy from a skills perspective.

Given the strong strategic framework established by the Digital Strategy, the role of the Work and Skills Strategy in the 'Connected City' theme is to support and enhance delivery of the Digital Strategy.

Our priorities to create a connected city are to:

- 1. Support the delivery of the priorities set out in the Manchester Digital Strategy, to ensure that residents have the digital skills they need, to find and access learning and employment opportunities, especially highly skilled opportunities that meet the needs of the city's digital sector.
- 2. Work closely with partners delivering the Manchester Digital Strategy, and the Digital Inclusion Team, to ensure that residents have access to the devices and networks they need to get online.
- 3. Connect Manchester's VCSE organisations and Work Clubs to the Digital Strategy and Digital Inclusion Teams to improve digital skills amongst priority groups.
- 4. Encourage greater use of remote working to make opportunities more accessible to our residents.
- 5. Ensure that basic digital skill support is provided as standard by services providing employment support.
- 6. Influence transport policy in Manchester, and use the opportunity of the re-regulation of bus services in Greater Manchester, to ensure that residents are connected to opportunities through public transport and good quality active travel options.

The outcomes we expect to achieve by meeting these priorities are:

- More residents have access to the devices and networks that they need to get online.
- More residents have the confidence to use digital skills to find and access learning and employment opportunities.
- More residents accessing learning to enhance digital skills at all levels, from wherever they are and using a device which suits them.

We will use the following indicators to track progress against this theme:

- Manchester Digital Device Scheme and Skills Support Data (MCC, Monthly)
- Digital Exclusion Index (MCC)

Delivering the Work and Skills Strategy

Governance

Delivery of the Work and Skills Strategy will be overseen by the Work and Skills Board. The Work and Skills Board is made up of strategic partners who are responsible for learning and work outcomes in Manchester, with the expertise and influence necessary to ensure that the strategy is a success. The Work and Skills Board will review progress against the agreed priorities, outcomes and indicators on a periodic basis, taking action to celebrate success, remove barriers and solve issues or problems. The City Council's Economy Scrutiny Committee will be invited to review regular updates on progress.

At a more strategic level, the Work and Skills Strategy will be monitored through its connection to the Our Manchester Strategy, and through reporting by exception to the Our Manchester Forum and Our Manchester Investment Board.

Once the strategy has been adopted, the Work and Skills Board, working with Council officers, will develop a full delivery plan to implement the identified priorities. The delivery plan will be monitored quarterly and reviewed annually to ensure that it remains responsive to changing labour market and wider economic circumstances. This delivery plan will make up a significant proportion

of the Council's Work and Skills Team Service Plan. It will contain the detailed actions and outputs that will guide the day-to-day work of the team, alongside other actions and deliverables taken forward by partners and stakeholders in Manchester.

Our priorities in delivering and governing the strategy include:

- Creation of an annual delivery plan that sets actions and milestones for delivery of the strategy.
- Creation of an index of the indicators identified in this strategy, to track progress and act accordingly.
- Maintain a productive partnership of stakeholders.
- Working to align Work and Skills Strategy priorities to emerging funding opportunities created by central government and other funding agencies.

Partnerships and Communication

As a city wide strategy, successful delivery of the Work and Skills Strategy will rely on partners and stakeholders working collaboratively to achieve our shared priorities.

Our main partners, who are represented at a senior level on the Manchester Work and Skills Board, are:

- Learning and training providers, including schools, colleges and universities, apprenticeship
 providers, un-accredited providers, registered housing providers, and other accredited
 providers of qualifications such as community based learning institutions.
- Employers, including Manchester's anchor institutions, in our growth sectors, in the foundational economy, and within the Council and partners' supply chains.
- Voluntary and Community Sector, including organisations that support our residents towards and into learning and employment, and organisations that work specifically with people experiencing inequalities.

The Council's Work and Skills Team will lead on managing this network of relationships and providing opportunities for partners to connect, share best practice and remove barriers.

A communications campaign will also be developed, alongside the delivery plan, to ensure that key messages and opportunities are communicated to those who could benefit the most.

Appendix 1 – Priorities, Outcomes and Indicators

This appendix presents the strategy's priorities, outcomes and indicators without the accompanying text.

Thriving and Sustainable City Priorities

- Develop and grow Manchester's business support ecosystem and promote awareness of the city's business support offer to our business community to enable them to innovate and grow.
- 2. Influence Manchester's business support ecosystem to support sustainable self-employment and business start-up, as well as promoting sustainable models of ownership including cooperatives and social enterprises.
- 3. Encourage and support employers to offer good quality employment, including secure contracts, predictable hours and to pay at least the Real Living Wage.
- 4. Work with our partners to develop and deliver specific labour market interventions to connect residents to more highly paid opportunities in growth sectors.
- 5. Ensure the maximum possible skills and employment benefit from the city's capital and inward investment pipeline.
- 6. Maximise the skills and employment benefit from place based public and private investment and regeneration in North Manchester, Wythenshawe and other major capital projects.

Thriving and Sustainable City Outcomes

- To become an accredited living wage city.
- To increase the proportion of Manchester residents who are paid a Real Living Wage.
- To increase the number of active enterprises operating in the city.
- To increase the proportion of Manchester residents working in growth sectors.

Thriving and Sustainable City Indicators

- The number of Manchester residents being paid a Real Living Wage (ONS, Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings, Annual)
- The change in and number of active enterprises (ONS, Business Counts Data, Annual)
- The number of opportunities created through the City Council's capital projects pipeline (MCC)
- The number of Manchester businesses signed up to the GM Good Employment Charter, (GMCA)

Highly Skilled City Priorities

- 1. Ensure all 16 and 17 year olds are in education, employment or training, and that the offer expands to meet the needs of a growing population of this age group and offers choice.
- 2. Attract and retain more highly skilled graduates in the city and increase the number of Manchester young people accessing advanced and higher level skills provision, including apprenticeships, T Levels and Higher Education.
- 3. Create opportunities for people to learn and demonstrate core skills and entrepreneurship.
- Strengthen the link between Manchester universities, post-16 colleges, training providers and employers, to drive inward investment and raise competitiveness at national and international level.
- 5. Ensure that good quality careers education, information advice and guidance, supported by labour market intelligence, is available to all Manchester residents, and supports them to

- learn about and attain higher skilled / higher paid employment opportunities, particularly those within the foundational economy, to benefit from in-work progression.
- 6. Work with education and training providers to ensure training meets the demands of the labour market, is of good quality, and can respond to changes in the economy and growth sectors.
- 7. Influence the development and delivery of the GM Local Skills Improvement Plan to ensure the best outcomes for Manchester residents.
- 8. Widen access to learning across Manchester's communities by increasing the availability of learning opportunities (e.g. bootcamps) that fall outside of traditional settings and engagement methods.
- 9. Maximise the impact of available government funding (including the Levelling up Fund and Shared Prosperity Fund) on employment and skills outcomes in Manchester.

Highly Skilled City Outcomes

- More Manchester residents moving into highly paid and highly skilled careers.
- Improved quality of careers education, information, advice and guidance.
- Greater range of choice in learning and qualification routes.
- Reduced number of people with no or low qualifications and increase the number of people with higher level qualifications.
- Fewer businesses citing skills needs as a barrier to growth.
- Reduced NEET rate.
- Increased graduate retention.
- Increased take up of technical and vocational education.

Highly Skilled City Indicators

- The percentage of the resident working age population (aged 16 to 64) with zero qualifications (Annual)
- The percentage of the resident working age population (aged 16 to 64) with level 2 qualifications (Annual)
- The percentage of working age residents with qualifications at level 4+
- The number of Manchester residents starting technical and vocational education in Manchester (Constit and LA, Annual)
- The number of schools achieving the Gatsby Benchmarks
- The graduate retention rate (HESA Graduate Outcomes Survey, Annual)

Progressive and Equitable City Priorities

- 1. Use data and intelligence to identify residents most in need of learning and employment support, and design and target interventions accordingly.
- 2. Work with employers to understand barriers to recruitment and ensure careers, skills and employment services respond to employer's needs.
- 3. Proactively work to reduce and remove the barriers (such as managing health conditions) that some people and communities face when accessing learning and employment.
- 4. Contribute to the implementation of the recommendations set out in 'Building Back Fairer for Greater Manchester'.
- 5. Work with employers to adopt and promote flexible recruitment and working practices that make employment accessible to more of our residents.
- 6. Develop routes for residents and employers to access finance to pay for training and qualifications where lack of funding is a barrier to participation.

- 7. Use social value to connect learning and employment opportunities, created through supply chains and investment in Manchester, to the people and communities who will benefit most, particularly those experiencing inequalities.
- 8. Work collectively to make sure more employers consider social value in their own practices.
- 9. Work with partners to ensure that local delivery of regional and national labour market interventions (such as work and health programmes) responds to local priorities.

Progressive and Equitable City Outcomes

- Improved health and wellbeing of residents.
- Reduced inequalities in access to skills and employment opportunities.
- Increased volume of learning and employment opportunities through social value
- Reduced number of working age residents dependent on out of work benefits.
- Reduction in residents claiming Universal Credit in-work benefits.

Progressive and Equitable City Indicators

- Health related out of work benefit claimants as a percentage of the working age population (ONS, Quarterly)
- Number of residents claiming UC and JSA out of work benefits (ONS, Quarterly)
- The number of residents claiming Universal Credit in work benefit (ONS, Quarterly)
- New indicators developed with the City Council's Performance, Research and Intelligence Team, as part of the strategy consultation process.

Liveable and Zero Carbon City Priorities

- 1. Use our collective influence and spending power to create demand for green skills such as in retrofit and construction, maintenance of green infrastructure, green energy and biodiversity.
- 2. Support and enhance ongoing carbon literacy and communications with businesses, schools, colleges and other learning and training providers.
- 3. Use research and intelligence to ensure that information about future job opportunities in the zero-carbon economy is included in labour market information and guidance that is shared with schools, colleges, and other learning and training providers.
- 4. Develop and deliver a green skills action plan for the city that will ensure businesses and residents are supported with the skills needed to deliver the zero-carbon agenda.
- 5. Work with training providers and employers to plan for and build capacity for identified future skills needs.

Liveable and Zero-Carbon City Outcomes

- Increased carbon literacy amongst Manchester's young people, residents and businesses.
- Increased volume of learning and training to support transition to a zero-carbon economy.
- Reduced carbon emissions.
- Increased commissioned provision of green skills training in Manchester.

Liveable and Zero Carbon City Indicators

- The number of people who have completed carbon literacy training in Manchester (MCC)
- Spend in GM on commissioned green skills provision (MCC, bespoke, Adult Education Budget, CRF)

Connected City Priorities

- 1. Support the delivery of the priorities set out in the Manchester Digital Strategy, to ensure that residents have the digital skills they need, to find and access learning and employment opportunities, especially highly skilled opportunities that meet the needs of the city's digital sector.
- 2. Work closely with partners delivering the Manchester Digital Strategy, and the Digital Inclusion Team, to ensure that residents have access to the devices and networks they need to get online.
- 3. Connect Manchester's VCSE organisations and Work Clubs to the Digital Strategy and Digital Inclusion Teams to improve digital skills amongst priority groups.
- 4. Encourage greater use of remote working to make opportunities more accessible to our residents.
- 5. Ensure that basic digital skill support is provided as standard by services providing employment support.
- 6. Influence transport policy in Manchester, and use the opportunity of the re-regulation of bus services in Greater Manchester, to ensure that residents are connected to opportunities through public transport and good quality active travel options.

Connected City Outcomes

- More residents have access to the devices and networks that they need to get online.
- More residents have the confidence to use digital skills to find and access learning and employment opportunities.
- More residents accessing learning to enhance digital skills at all levels, from wherever they are and using a device which suits them.

Connected City Indicators

- Manchester Digital Device Scheme and Skills Support Data (MCC, Monthly)
- Digital Exclusion Index (MCC)

Appendix 2 – Consultation and Engagement

Organisations and networks consulted in the development of the new strategy include:

3dgbire

4CT

50+ Employment and Skills Support Group

Ada National College for Digital Skills

Barlow Moor Community Association

Bassajamba CIC

BMCA Work Club

Business Growth Hub/Growth Company

BuzzStart Academy

Central Employment and Skills group

Creative & Cultural Skills

Crosslee Community Primary school

DryWave Events CIC

Early Help

eLearning Plus

Faithful+Gould

Finding Nyah

First Asian Support Trust

Freshrb C.I.C.

Gaydio

Gorton Community Women's Art Group

Graduates for Greater Manchester Steering Group

Greater Manchester Learning Provider Network

Greater Manchester Youth Network

hÅb

HellermannTyton Ltd

Jigsaw Homes Group Job Centre Plus

King David High School

Laing O'Rourke

MAES Learners

Manchester Construction Skills Network

Manchester Food Board

Manchester Health and Care Commissioning

Manchester Hospital School

Manchester International Festival

Manchester Metropolitan University

Manchester Museum

Manchester University NHS Foundation Trust

MSV Housing

National Football Museum

NEET Partners Group

North Employment and Skills Group

North Manchester Community partnership

Our Futures

People's History Museum

Race Equality Network (Internal MCC staff group)

Reform Radio CIC

Residents in Manchester

RNCM

Royal Exchange Theatre

Seetec Plus

SENDCode CIC

Skills Builder Partnership

Skillsshop - Trafford College group

SMEN (South Manchester Enterprise Network)

Southway Housing

Southway Housing Trust

St. Matthew's RC High, Moston

The Job Gym (Mantra Learning)

Ubuntu HR Ltd

Volition

White Rose Beauty Colleges

Working Well Integration Board

Wythenshawe Community Housing Group

Yes Manchester CIO

Young Manchester

Youth Employment Group